Draw each interval, using the given note as the lower note.

9:	þo	O	þo	O	0	0	
Perf 5 th	Mai 2 nd	min 7 th	min 6 th	Aug 6 th	min 2 nd	Mai 3 rd	dim 7 th

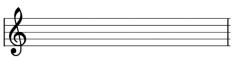
Identify by letter name and quality. Use uppercase letters for Major, Augmented, and 7th chords; use lowercase for minor or diminished. (ex: "G Maj", "A Aug", "Bb7", "b min", "d dim")



Identify each chord by roman numeral in the given key. Use uppercase for Major or 7th chords,



Draw root position, $\mathbf{1}^{\text{st}}$ inversion, and $\mathbf{2}^{\text{nd}}$ inversion triads of the tonic chord in D Major.



Write out the left-hand accompaniment, using whole-note chords for each roman numeral.



Identify each key signature. Use uppercase for Major and lowercase for minor.

	\$ ##	2 4
&	&	&

Write out an ascending f harmonic minor scale. Include all accidentals.

7)·
	J.
Г	

Fill each box with ONE note, based on the given time signature.



Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank.

 _ F. Chopin	A. Contains: Exposition, Development, & Recapitulation
 _ sfz	B. Not too much!
 _ Sonata form	C. A Modern composer, wrote Rhapsody in Blue and Porgy and Bess
 _ Sempre	D. Suddenly with force
 _ ABA form	E. ABACA, or ABACABA
 _ Rondo form	F. Always
 _ W. A. Mozart	G. Material (often a melody) repeated in altered form
 _ Theme & Variations	H. A Classical composer, wrote piano concertos and <i>The Magic Flute</i>
 _ G. Gershwin	I. A Polish Romantic composer, wrote lyrical and virtuosic piano music.
 _ D. Scarlatti	J. A Baroque composer, wrote many virtuosic keyboard "sonatas"
 _ Non troppo	K. A three-part form

Be prepared to identify the following composers:

J.S. Bach	W. Mozart	F. Chopin	C. Debussy
D. Scarlatti	L. Beethoven	P. Tchaikovsky	S. Prokofiev
G. Handel			G. Gershwin